



FX Risk Management for Indian Fertilizer Companies

Background

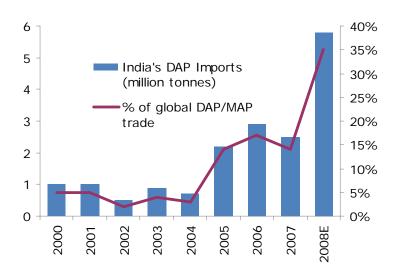
The fertilizer industry plays a pivotal role in the Indian economy supporting the ongoing need of increased farm productivity. The industry as a whole is highly regulated with production quotas and an administered price mechanism (APM) that insulates farmers from high prices. Fertilizer producers are compensated via a subsidy that accounts for the differential between a commercial price and the administered price of fertilizers.

As with other industries, 2008 was an action-packed and challenging year for the fertilizer industry highlighted by

Figure 1 (Source: Bloomberg) Strong demand for crop nutrients 1200 Fertilizer Price DAP Tampa Tight credit conditions 1000 Extremely volatile FX markets 800 Domestic supply side issues on 600 DAP production 400 Sharp Rise, followed by an almost as sharp fall in commodity prices 200 Illiquid and low yield fertilizer Apr 09 Aug08 Sep08 Nov08 Dec08 Feb09 Mar₀₉ Oct08 subsidy bond market

The bulk of raw material for phosphatic and complex fertilizers is imported and constitutes 70-75% of the production cost. This translates to significant foreign exchange transaction volumes (and consequently FX risk) for businesses – especially in the context of volatile FX markets and thinning margins.

Figure 2 (Source: Based on FAI, PotashCorp, FerteCon data and as available on the Internet)



Peculiar nature of FX Risk

In principle, the subsidy based on Import Price Parity (IPP) compensates a manufacturer by directly linking the subsidy amount to import prices. Due to this, direct FX risk is largely eliminated. In effect, for each dollar of import the company receives a dollar by way of subsidy. However, in reality things are not this simple and companies carry a significant currency risk.

As shown below (Figure 3), FX Risk exists because of the time mismatch between Import Payment Date and Month of Fertilizer Dispatch. Companies need to ensure that their USD rate for import payment is not more than the Monthly Average RBI Reference rate for subsidy calculation.

IPP Subsidy Calculations based on Dispatch Month (FX Risk) **Import** Goods Production Dispatch @ Timeline Order **APM Prices** Receipt **Import Payment Import Payment** OR due (FX Risk) due (FX Risk) **Short Credit Period Long Credit Period** (TYPE B EXPOSURE) (TYPE A EXPOSURE)

Figure 3 (Typical Lifecycle of FX Exposure)

The graph below (Figure 4) illustrates the potential impact — rupee gain or loss in % terms based on historical market volatility and IPP calculations - for every dollar of import if companies stay unhedged.

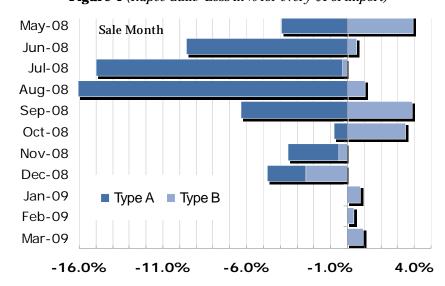


Figure 4 (Rupee Gain/Loss in % for every \$1 of import)

[Note assumptions for the graph: **Type A Exposure (Longer Credit Cycle)** – Sale Date is 3 months from the Date of Import and Import Payment is due 6 months from the Date of Import. **Type B Exposure (Short Credit Cycle)** – Sale Date is 3 months from the Date of Import and the Import Payment is due 1 month from the Date of Import.]

Challenges in Hedging FX Risk

- Is it an Import Risk or Export Risk? It is both, as the import payment obligation is an import exposure and the method used to calculate the subsidy is akin to having an export exposure.
- Hedging is tightly linked to your Import Terms, Shipment and Production Data including inventory utilization, and eventual Sale.
- There is NO standard forward contract or other financial instrument available that provides you a strike rate based on the average of daily RBI reference rates for a given month. You need to have an approach to synthesize a forward. This is an operationally intense activity.
- Hedging exposures with a shorter credit cycle (what we call Type B Exposure) will require you to both buy and sell dollars. How can companies sell dollars forward when they have no underlying actual export?
- Integral to FX hedging decisions is an understanding of interest costs on credit lines

How can Mecklai help?

Mecklai has developed a solution – comprising a **PROPRIETARY APPROACH** and **A SET OF SOFTWARE TOOLS** - to manage this risk addressing the above challenges. Two leading fertilizer companies in India are already utilizing our solution.

The solution is detailed and treasury team members use the system to manage the risk covering **the entire life cycle spanning import entry, sales / production tracking, hedge signals and execution and subsidy crystallization.** Refer sample system screen shots below:



Figure 5 (Sales Details Entry)

Figure 6 (Daily Hedging Signals)

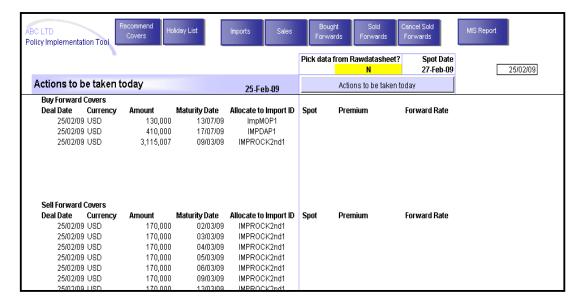
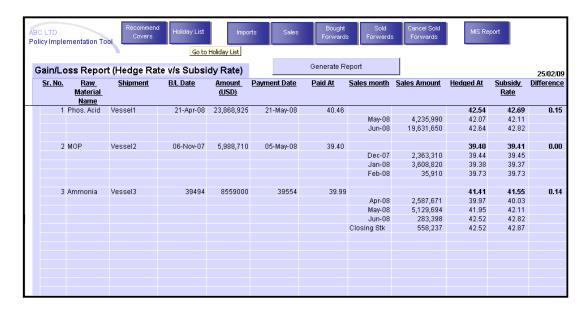


Figure 7 (MIS: Gain / Loss Report)



Depending on your needs, we can provide you a fully operational end-to-end solution, comprising **treasury policy, processes, software, training to staff and MIS.**

Please contact us at infowest@mecklai.com

About Mecklai Financial Services Ltd (MFSL) (www.mecklai.com)

MFSL is a consulting company exclusively focused on risk management. We have been in business for over 25 years, the last ten of which have been as an unlisted public limited company. We engage at all levels from Board to Back-Office, offering a full suite of services, ranging from deep-dive consulting assignments to ongoing advisory.

With over 60 staff across 6 locations in India, we deliver tailored solutions backed by our proprietary risk management approach, robust technology and market research. Today, we already provide services to nearly a dozen non-Indian multinationals, over and above our domestic client base of nearly 1,000 companies. Over \$20 billion worth of FX volume gets transacted by our clients, reflecting the materiality of our services.

Our business is structured along the following lines:

- Risk Management Advisory FX & Interest Rates Advisory, Insurance Advisory
- Risk Management Consulting Treasury Audit, Treasury Policy Development and Implementation
- Corporate Services Derivative Valuation & Accounting Services; Structured Product Design & Analysis; Outsourcing; Professional Education
- Risk Management Software TRAKSIS
- Research & Market Intelligence Daily/Weekly/Fortnightly research reports; electronic price ticker & analytical tools